



DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES

- Retaining A-76 Public-Private Competition Moratorium
 - Fixing the damage done to the scope of the contractor inventory statute in the FY2017 NDAA
- Illegal direct conversions to contract and improving compliance with sourcing statutes
- Clarifying that the moratorium on public-private competitions pursuant to OMB Circular A-76 applies to NAF employees and to circumstances when government transfers real property under specific statutory authority to private sector (utilities and family housing privatization)
- “Personal Services” contracts, Public-Private talent exchanges; Public-Private partnerships; Other Transaction Authority & other schemes that weaken normal employer-employee duties and liabilities required by title 5
- Improved strategic planning, programming and budgeting for civilian workforce as part of Total Force (AC, RC, civilian and contract)
 - Tighten regulations on conversions of civilian workforce to military
 - Grow (do not shrink) civilian workforce as military force structure grows to increase lethality, improve perstempo, readiness and control costs
- Improve strategic communication on importance of missions performed by DoD civilian workforce to readiness & lethality (oppose Calvert REDUCE Act bill)
- Military Technician conversions to AGR; title 5 civilian transfer to State TAG; and other collateral effects from Title 32 MilTech conversions to title 5 civilian employees
 - RC needs to comply with existing statutes and develop fully burdened cost DODI
- Improving civilian hiring process by eliminating Full Time Equivalent (FTE) caps and allowing overhires; opposing expanded reliance on term or temporary appointments or direct hire authorities
- Ensuring statutory direction to plan, program and budget contract services over FYDP is actually implemented with authorization process for contract spending similar to civilian authorization process
- Repealing “Comprehensive Pentagon Bureaucracy Reform and Reduction” provisions targeting DLA, DFAS, DCAA, DCMA & other Defense Agencies
- Implementing & Clarifying FY2019 NDAA section 711 & 712 to ensure DoD maintains skills, proficiency, quality of health care support to military members/families & readiness
- Repealing NDAA FY2018 Incurred Cost Audit provisions weakening DCAA and outsourcing their work

- Preserving DoD Commissary Non-Pay Benefit Savings & Its Workforce (that includes Veterans & military spouses & family members)
- Base Realignment and Closures (BRAC)
- Oppose expansion of Commercial Items definitions that encourage sole source procurements with reduced access to technical data rights, organic industrial base support & Government command and control of weapon systems
- Improving oversight of impact of recent acquisition reforms on organic industrial base
 - o Some proposed redefinitions of “depot maintenance and repair” would erode organic capabilities
 - o Public-private partnerships
 - o One year pause on expanded “commercial items” definitions
 - o Section 809 Panel recommendations on the “dynamic marketplace” that would further reduce “military unique” requirements to preference for “readily available” products and services
- Restore “manpower estimate report” formerly required at milestone B decisions for major weapon system acquisitions as a requirement
- January 2019 Section 809 Panel recommendations presuppose that most DoD requirements should be determined by and procured in the private sector with limited Congressional oversight over programs
 - o Portfolio Management structure realigning positions from Materiel Commands to Portfolio Managers empower with broad reprogramming authority
- Repeal authority for AcqDemo and oppose similar performance management systems similar to the former NSPS
- Seniority & Veterans Preference in RIFs vs. Performance & prohibiting “forced distributions”
- Retaining transparency of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers study with National Academy of Sciences on future alignment and management of Civil Works program
- Security Clearances
- Due Process
- Compensation (including pay parity)